

SOUTH AFRICAN GRAMINEAE.

A NEW GENUS AND SEVEN NEW SPECIES.

By SYDNEY M. STENT.

Mosdenia. Genus novo. *Tragus* similis sed glumae emuricatae, subaequales spiculae solitariae. Folia ciliata.

Mosdenia waterbergensis, Stent. (Pl. I.)

Gramen perenne, basim decumbente stolonifere; stolones cataphyllibus brevibus dense imbricatis obtecti. *Innovationes* intravaginales, vaginis brevis et foliis distichis. *Culmi* ascendentibus 60–90 cm. longi, simplices, vel ad nodes inferiores ramosi; internodii breviter exserti. *Foliorum* *vaginae* teres, arctae, striatae, glabrae, laeves, laminis pallidiores; *ligulae* brevis 0·5–0·3 mm. membranaceae; *laminæ* lineares ad 12 cm. longae, 5 mm. latae, glaucescentes, glabrae. *Spica* cylindrica, densa, spiculis solitarus nodos tomentosos rachis ferentibus; rachis striata, scabris. *Spiculae* 3·75 mm. longae, uniflorae, anguste lineares, subfalcatae, glabrae, praeter basem crassum minute-pilosum; *glumæ* subaequales, inferior paulo longior et latiore, navicularis, falcata, rigide membranacea; carina virida prominente, superior idem sed angustior et strictior; *valva* 3 mm. longa, hyalina, 1–3 nervosa; *palea* subaequale. *Stamina* 3. *Styli* distincti, breves; *lodiculae* truncatae, ovarium subaequantes.

Perennial prostrate ascending, root-stock stoloniferous, stolons covered with short, dry, densely imbricate cataphylls. Innovation shoots intravaginal with short sheaths and distichously-arranged leaves. Culms ascending 60–90 cm. high, simple or branched from the lower nodes, internodes shortly exserted, leafy towards the base. Leaf sheaths terete, tight striate, glabrous, paler than the blades, smooth; ligule short 0·5–0·3 mm. membranous; blades linear, tapering to an acute or sub-acute point, up to 12 cm. long × 5 mm. broad, bluish-green, glabrous, smooth or scaberulous on the margins, without a distinct midrib, rounded or slightly eared at the base. Inflorescence a single dense spike, the sessile spikelets arranged singly on minutely and densely tomentose notches, in whorls or spirals round a common ribbed and seabrid axis, from which they fall entire. Spikelets 3·75 mm. long, 1-flowered, glabrous except at the minutely hairy thickened base, narrow linear, subfalcate; glumes subequal to equal, lower slightly longer and broader than the upper, boat-shaped, curved, rigidly membranous, with a prominent green seabrid keel; upper like the lower but narrower and straighter; valve about 3 mm. long, delicately hyaline, 1-nerved or sub 3-nerved; pale nearly equalling the valve. Stamens 3. Ovary ovate; style short, distinct; lodicules truncate, about as large as the ovary.

On sand-veld, Mosdene, Naboomspruit, Waterberg, Transvaal, Galpin M. 447; Rooikop, Springbok Flats, Pole Evans.

This grass was first noticed by Mr. Galpin on his farm Mosdene, and later was collected by Dr. Pole Evans on the farm Rooikop. The latter reports the grass as growing plentifully, but being, on account of its short herbage, of little agricultural value,



Mosdenia Waterbergensis, Stent.

A.—Spikelet. B.—Lower glume. C.—Upper glume. D.—Valve. E.—Palea.
F.—Pistil and stamens. G.—Grain.

Eragrostis valida, Stent.

Gramen perenne, dense caespitosum; rhizoma obliqua. Culmi erecti, glabri, validi, 120–150 cm. longi, internodiis inclusis; nodis paucis. Foliorum vaginae longae, arctae imbricatae, glabrescentes, inferiores 26 cm. longae, dense hirsutae, plerumque purpureae; laminae linearis longe tenuiterque, acutatae, ad 60 cm. longae, 7 mm. latae, glabrae, sed post ligulos pilis longis mollibus tectis, planae, rigidae, supra asperulae, infra, laevae; ligulae ad marginem dense ciliatum redactae. Panicula patula vel contracta ad 30 cm. longa, rhachibus sulcatis minute scaberulis; rami subverticillati vel fasciculati, prope basim divise, ramuli breves spiculis pedicellis brevibus-appressis. Spiculae griseo-olivaceae, linearis, ad 6·25 mm. longae, 2 mm. latae, 5–7 floribus; rhachilla subpersistens tandem disarticulata; glumae subaequales, acutae, carinis scabris, superior paulo longior; valvae obtusae circa 2 mm. longae; paleae truncatae, carinis scabris; antherae 3 mm. longae; caryopsis oblonga, 0·3 mm. longa, fusca, dorsa concava.

Perennial densely tufted on an oblique rhizome. Culms erect, glabrous, simple, stout, 4–5 feet high, and sheathed for almost their entire length, few noded. Sheaths long, the lower ones up to 26 cm. long, tight, imbricating, softly hairy with tubercle based hairs or glabrescent; blades linear, tapering to a fine point, up to 60 cm. long × 7 mm. broad, glabrous except for the long soft hairs at the base behind the ligule, smooth below, finely scaberulous above, finely ribbed, flat and rather rigid; ligule a short densely ciliate rim. Panicle open or contracted up to 30 cm. long; rachis sulcate, minutely scaberulous, with glandular swellings in the axils of the branches; branches subverticillate or fascicled, divided from near the base. Spikelets on short pedicels, more or less appressed to the short branchlets, dark-greyish or olive-green, up to 6·25 mm. long × 2 mm. broad, linear, 5–7-flowered, rachilla sub-persistent, ultimately breaking up; glumes subequal, acute, scabrid on the keel, lower 2 mm. long, upper slightly longer; valves obtuse, 2 mm. or slightly longer, side nerves reaching beyond the middle; pale truncate, with broad flaps and scabrid keels; anthers 3 mm. long; grain oblong, quadrangular, 0·3 mm. long, brown, concave or grooved on the back.

Maritzburg, Natal, Angus 2 (Gort. Herb. 13862).

Near to *E. curvula* var. *valida*, but a stouter, coarser grass, with long, tight sheaths that enclose the culms, the lower ones very hairy and long, usually of a purplish colour.

Mr. Angus says of this grass: "A big, coarse variety that grows very erect, has a dark purple stem, which is covered thickly with hairs, and is, if anything, better relished by cattle than No. 3 (*E. curvula*) . . . apparently good feeding, as cattle get into good condition whilst feeding on them."

Schizachyrium inclusum, Stent. (Pl. II.)

Gramen annuum. Culmi erecti, simplices, circa 75 cm. longi, 5-nodi, glabri, nodis inferioribus brevissimis teretibus vel subcompressis. Foliorum vaginae laxae, carinae glabrae laeves; ligulae membranaceae, ad 0·75 mm. longae, minute fimbriatae; laminae linearis, base paulo constricti, glabrae, sed post ligalam pilis longis paucis tectis, 6–10 cm. longae, 2·3 cm. latae, longe attenuatae, apicibus obtuses vel subacutis, planae, vel complicatae, plerumque rubescentes. Panicula spuria longa, angusta, exigua; rami graciles; spathae 3·5 cm. longae, angustae rubescentes laminas minutis apicibus gerentes; pedunculi communes graciles, clavati. Racemi 2-nati, in spathis inclusi, 2·5 cm. longi, ad circa 6 articuli; articuli 3·5 mm. longi, aliquantum concavi, cuneati, apice cupuliforme dentato, 1 mm. longo, breviter ciliati, alioquin glabri; pedicelli articulis aequales, complanati, linearis, breviter et parce ciliati, apicibus 2-dentatis. Spicula sessilis inter articulum pedicellumque a latere admodum compressa, 4 mm. longa, callo 1 mm. longo, barbato; gluma inferior chartacea, marginibus hyalinis, dorso convexa, apicem versus bi-carinata et asperula, nervebus intra-carinis 4–5; gluma superior cymbiformis acuta, 1-nerves, breviter mucronata, inferne subchartacea, apicem versus membranacea, vel fere hyalina; valva inferior linear oblonga, hyalina, vacua, 2–3 mm.

*Schizachyrium inclusum*, Stent.

A.—One joint of raceme with sessile and pedicelled spikelets.
 B.—Reduced pedicelled spikelet and pedicel.

SESSILE SPIKELET. C.—Lower glume. D.—Upper glume. E.—Lower valve. F.—Upper valve. G.—Grain.

longa; *valva superior* admodum biloba, segmentis linearibus obtusis minate ciliatis; *palea* desunt; *caryopsis* linear, acuta, 3 mm. longa. *Spicula pedicellata* gluma brevissima redacta, mucrone 3-5 mm. longo.

Annual. *Culms* erect, simple, 75 cm. high, about 5-noded, glabrous, lower internodes very short, terete, or sub-compressed. *Leaf sheaths* loose, keeled glabrous, smooth; *ligules* membranous, up to 0.75 mm. long, minutely fimbriate; *blades* linear, slightly constricted at the junction of the sheath, scaberulous on the margins, glabrous except for a few long, white, tubercled based hairs at the base behind the ligule, 2-3 mm. broad, 6-10 cm. long, gradually tapering to an obtuse or sub-acute point, flat or folded, usually turning reddish. *False panicle* long, narrow, and scanty. *Spathes* on sub-capillary branches about 2 cm. long, slender scarious, rusty red towards the tips, up to 3.5 cm. long and 2 mm. broad folded, tipped with a minute undeveloped leaf. *Racemes* very slender on short upward clavate peduncles, entirely included or only partially exserted from the spathes, 2.5 cm. long and about 6-jointed, joints 3.5 mm. long, widening upwards, somewhat concave, with a toothed cupuliform appendage 1 mm. long, shortly and sparsely ciliate, otherwise glabrous. *Pedicles* as long as the joints, flattened, linear, 2-toothed at apex, shortly and sparsely ciliolate on the margins. *Sessile spikelets* linear, laterally compressed, convex on the back, 4 mm. long, bearded callus 1 mm. long; *glumes* equal, *lower* chartaceous with thinly membranous margins, rounded on the back, 2-keeled and scaberulous towards the 2-toothed tip, sparsely ciliate on the margins, intra-carinal nerves 4-5; *upper* boat-shaped, acute, 1-nerved, nerve extending into a short muero, thinly chartaceous in the lower part becoming thinly membranous to almost hyaline upwards; *lower floret* reduced to a linear oblong, hyaline, nerveless valve 2.3-3 mm. long; *upper floret* ♀, valve deeply bifid to below the middle, segments linear, obtuse, minutely ciliolate, pale wanting, grain linear, acute, 3 mm. long. *Pedicelled spikelets* reduced to one very small glume, terminating in a muero 3.5 mm. long.

Enterprise, Rhodesia, Eyles 1646.

This species is founded on one specimen sent by Mr. Eyles. The specimen is a good one and quite complete, but it is obvious that more material of the same species might show trifling variations in measurements, etc., and possibly the culms may be branched.

Enneapogon pretoriensis, Stent. (Pl. III.)

Gramen perenne. *Culmi* erecti, simplices, 30-60 cm. longi, glabri vel internodi inferiores hirsuti. *Foliorum vaginæ* supra arctæ, glabrae; *laminæ* anguste, lineares, plerumque convolutæ, 18 cm. longæ, 2.5 mm. latae. *Panicula* angusta, ovata; *rami* solitarii longiores ad 15 mm. longi, internodi rachis inferiores ad 14 mm. longi, superiores deminuenti. *Spiculae* 5 mm. longæ; *glumæ* equales vel subæquales, breve pilosæ, apicibus truncatis fulvis; *ralvae* inferioræ dorsis vilosæ, ventris glabrae, sed, lobis basin filis patentibus fimbriatae; *aristæ* plumosæ, 3-3.5 mm. longæ; *palæ* 4 mm. longæ, hirsutæ.

Perennial. *Culms* fascicled on a short oblique rhizome, erect, simple, wiry and slender, 30-60 cm. high, glabrous or often shortly hairy at and below the lower nodes, 1-2-noded. *Sheaths* tight except the basal ones, glabrous, finely ribbed; *blades* narrow, linear, convolute or flat, finely pubescent above, up to 18 cm. long \times 2.5 mm. broad, finely ribbed, with 1-2 lateral nerves on either side of the midrib. *Panicle* contracted, ovate; *branches* scattered, lower about 14 mm. apart, upper increasingly nearer to each other. *Spikelets* crowded, sessile or shortly pedicelled, about 5 mm. long; *glumes* equal to subequal, shortly hairy, greyish, rust coloured at the truncate tips; lower rather broader and 7-9-nerved; *upper* narrow, 5-nerved, nerves mostly evanescent above; *lower valve* 1 line long (excluding awns), villous on back from base to near the middle, glabrous on inner surface except for ring of patent hairs at base of awns; *awns* plumose to beyond middle, 3-3.5 mm. long, subequal, tips bare and seabrid; *pale* 4 mm. long, shortly and sparsely hairy on the back, villous on the flaps, and ciliolate on the keel; *anthers* 2 mm. long.



Enneapogon Pretoriensis, Stent.

A.—Spikelet. B.—Lower glume. C.—Upper glume. D.—Valve. E.—Pale.
F.—Pistil and stamens with lodicules.

Pretoria, Wonderboom, Burtt-Davy 8905; northern slopes of Magaliesberg, Fouché 1.
(Of little economic value.)

Near to *E. scoparius*, from which it differs chiefly in the laxer and more distantly branched panicle and broader leaves.

Eragrostis Burtt-davii, Stent.

Gramen perenne, dense caespitosum, rhizomate repente pluribus dense confertis brevibus innovationibus. Culmi geniculati, 8–40 cm. longi, glabri, 1–2 nodi, internodia exserta. Foliorum vaginae glabrae, tenuiter sulcatae, inferior laxae, breves, latae. Laminæ glabrae, lineares, culmorum, 7 cm. longae, 2 mm. latae, innovationium angustiores et breviores, planae vel convolutae, apicem versus flexuosa. Panicula ovata, ad 10 cm. longa, 7 cm. lata; rami solitarii vel 2-nati, gracili, flexuosi; ramulos 2–4 spiculis. Spiculae 4 mm. longae, 2 mm. latae, 6–9 florae; gluma inferior 0·75 mm. longa, obtusa, superior 1·25 mm. longa, subobtusa; valvae 1·5 mm. longae, obtusa, scaberulae, violaceae, apicibus flavibus; palea valvam aequans, truncata, marginibus late inflexis.

Perennial, densely caespitose, on a creeping rhizome with many densely crowded, short innovation shoots. Culms geniculate, 8–40 cm. high, glabrous, 1–2-noded, internodes exserted. Sheaths glabrous, finely ribbed, tight except the lower ones, which are broader, stout and loose: ligules a fringe of hairs. Leaf blades glabrous, linear, tapering to a fine point, those of the culm 2 mm. × 7 cm., those of the innovation shoots narrower and shorter, finely ribbed, midrib scarcely broader than the lateral veins, flat or convolute and flexuous in the upper part. Panicle ovate, up to 10 × 7 cm.; branches solitary or 2-nate, undivided from 2–14 mm. above the base; rachis scaberulous or smooth, flexuous; branchlets 2–4 spikulate; pedicels 2–4 mm. long. Spikelets linear, lanceolate, about 4 × 2 mm., 6–9-flowered; glumes unequal, lower 0·75 mm. long, obtusa, upper 1·25 mm. subobtuse; valvae 1·5 mm. long, obtuse, scaberulous, purple, with light yellowish tips; side nerves fine, extending to beyond the middle; palea equalling the valve, truncate, scaberulous, flaps broad; anthers 3, up to 1 mm. long.

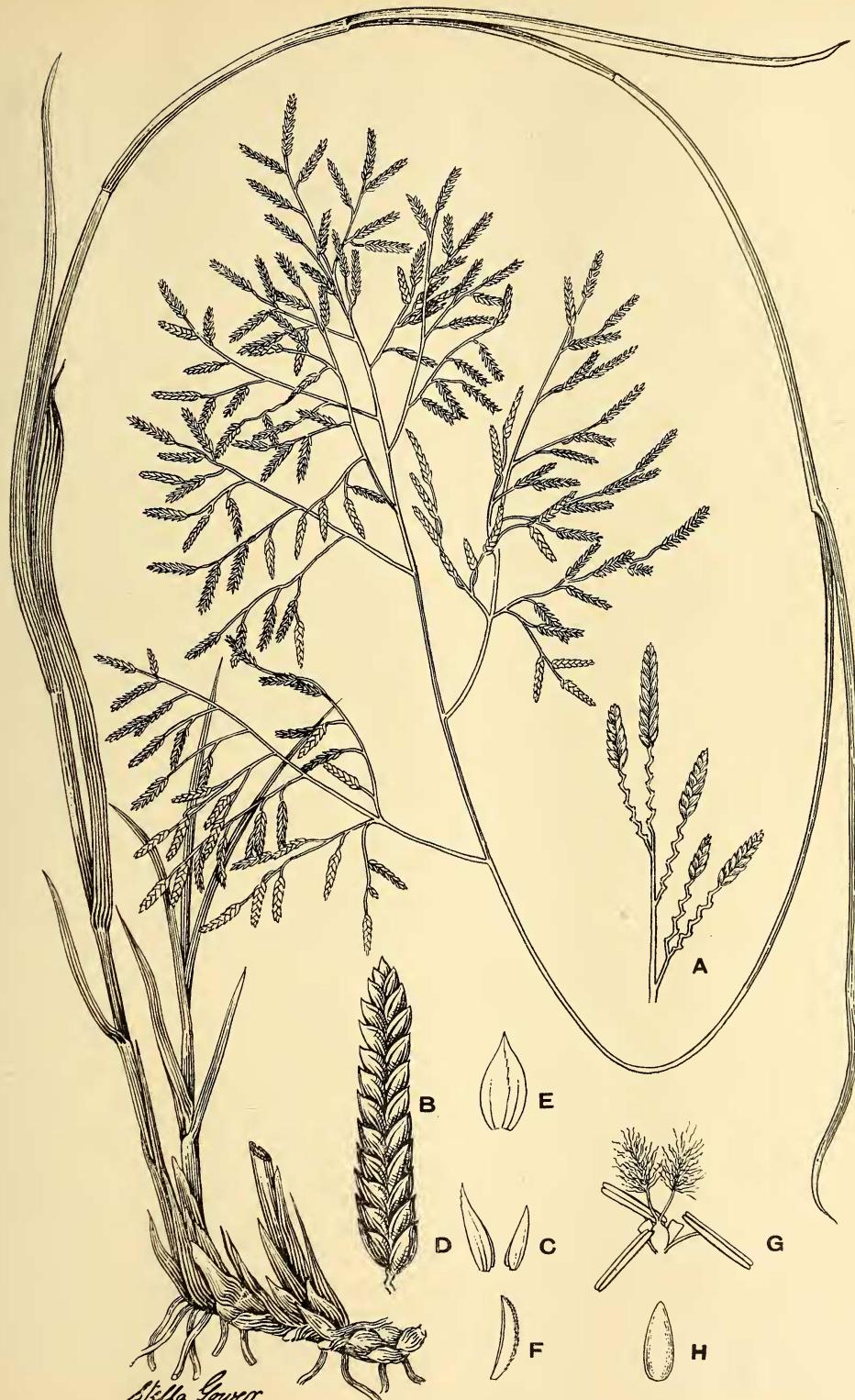
Very near to *E. bicolor*, Nees; but with a shorter and, in comparison, broader panicle and rather broader spikelets.

Bloemhof, Transvaal, Burtt-Davy 10506; Great Karasberg, Pearson in Bolus Herb. 8480.

Eragrostis Galpinii, Stent. (Pl. IV.)

Gramen perenne. Culmi fasciculati, rhizomate repente, erecti, vel geniculato-ascendentes, glabri, ad 90 cm. longi, pluri nodi, nodi inferiores brevi; culmorum bases et rhizomata cataphyllibus brevibus et scariosibus obtecta. Foliorum vaginae laxae, striatae, inferiores carinatae et compressae; laminæ angustae, lineares, ad 15 cm. longae, 5 mm. latae, apicibus angustis obtusis, planae, vel complicatae, rigidæ, glabrae. Panicula late oblonga vel pyramidalia, patula, laxa ad 20 cm. lata, 20 cm. longa; rami solitarii, inferiores distantes ramulos 1–3 cm. e basi gerentes. Spiculae fere secundae ad 23 mm. longae, 2·5 mm. latae, circa 10–30 florae; rhachilla flexuosa, primo persistente; glumæ subæquales, inferiores 1·5 mm., superiores, 2 mm. longae, minute asperulae; valvae purpureæ, subacutæ, omnino minute scabridæ; palea acute, hyalina inter carinas rigide-ciliatas; styli distincti; lodiculi truncati; antheræ 1·3 mm. longæ.

Perennial. Culms fascicled on a creeping rhizome, erect or geniculate-ascending, simple or branched, glabrous, slender, up to 3 feet high, many-noded, internodes included, or shortly exserted, or the upper most sometimes long exserted, lower short; bases of culms and rhizomes covered with short, scarios scales. Sheaths loose, striate, the lower ones sub-compressed and keeled, glabrous except at the often long-bearded mouth; ligule a ciliate membranous rim; blades narrow, linear, up to 5 mm. broad × 15 cm. long, tapering to a narrow, rounded point, flat or folded, rather firm, glabrous, smooth below except towards the tips, finely scaberulous above. Panicle broadly oblong or pyramidal, spreading, lax up to 20 cm. broad × 20 cm. long, branches solitary, lower ones rather distant, spreading,



Eragrostis Galpinii, Stent.

A.—Branchlet showing flexuous persistent rhachillae. B.—Spikelet. C.—Lower glume.
D.—Upper glume. E.—Valve. F.—Pale. G.—Pistil and stamens with lodicules. H.—Grain.
8

unbranched for from 1-3 cm. from the base, up to 11 cm. long; *branchlets* spreading, the lowest pair of the lowest branches usually close together sub 2-nate, the upper ones gradually shorter and solitary, less divided and with fewer spikelets and often secund and scabrid; quite glabrous, without or with few hairs in the axils. *Spikelets* linear, up to 23 mm. long \times 2.5 mm. wide, and 10-30-flowered, rachilla at first persistent; *glumes* subequal, lower 1.5 mm. long, upper 2 mm. long, 1-nerved, minutely scabrid on nerve; *valves* over 2 mm., purplish, sub-acute, 3-nerved, side nerves long, minutely scabrid all over; *palea* acute; rigidly ciliate on the keels, scabrid, nearly equaling the valve, hyaline between the rigidly ciliate keels; *ovary* oval; *style* distinct; *lodicles* truncate. *Stamens* 3; *anthers* 1.3 mm. long; *grain* ovoid, rounded; *embryo* small.

Mosdene, Naboomspruit, Waterberg, *Galpin* 456; Warmbaths, *Burtt-Davy* 1149; near Nylstroom, *Burtt-Davy* 2034; Letaba River, Zoutpansberg, *Junod, Gort. Herb.*, 4673.

Near to *E. gangetica*, from which it differs in the widely spreading panicle, longer branchlets, and fewer spikelets.

Tristachya pedicellata, Stent.

Gramen perenne, caespitosum, rhizomate obliquum. *Culmi* validi, ad 120 cm. longi, glabri, laeves, 1-3 nodi. *Foliorum* *raginae* aliquantum arctae, striatae, glabrae, sed inferiores villosulae: *laminae* lineares, planae, 15-23 cm. longae, 6-8 mm. latae, glabrae, rigidae, supra asperulae, infra laeves. *Panicula* contracta, nodi inferiores pilosi; *rami* ad 5 cm. longi, saepe multo minus, superiores saepe nihilo redacti. *Gluma*, inferior, rigide, 3-nervosa, 13 mm. longa, 4 mm. lata, glabra, laeves, ovata, subacuta; superior, 24 mm. longa, 4.5 mm. lata, apice obtusa. *Valva* inferior, 7-nervia, 20 mm. longa, glabra, obtusa, laevis; *antherae* 8 mm. longae; *lodiculae* 1.3 mm. longae, 0.8 mm. latae; *palea* brevior. *Valva* superior, ad 12 mm. longa, 7-9 nerva, mucrones 2 loborum lateralium breves; *arista media* valida, ad 6.5 cm. longa; *palea* apice acute.

Compactly caespitose on oblique rhizoms. *Culms* stout, up to 120 cm., glabrous, smooth, 1-3-noded, internodes exserted. *Leaf sheaths* somewhat tight, finely ribbed and glabrous, except the lowest, which are loose and finely and appressedly hairy between the ribs; *blades* linear, tapering to an acute point, 15-23 cm. long \times 6-8 mm. wide, glabrous, rigid, flat, scabrid above and on the cartilaginous margins, smooth below. *Panicle* contracted, scanty; *rachis* smooth, with oblique, membranous and hairy scales around the lower nodes; *branches* up to 5 cm. long, often much shorter, the upper so much reduced that the triplets of spikelets appear to be sessile on the rachis. *Pedicels* distinct, 2.4 mm. long. *Lower glume* strongly 3- sub 5-nerved, with a few irregular, oblique, transverse veins, 13 mm. long \times 4 mm. wide (flattened out), glabrous, smooth, ovate, subacute; *upper* 3-nerved, 24 mm. long \times 4.5 mm. wide (flattened), narrowing to an obtuse apex, a few irregular oblique veins connecting the nerves in the upper part, glabrous and smooth. *Lower valve* 7-nerved, 3 nerves percurrent, 20 mm. long, glabrous, smooth, obtuse; *anthers* 8 mm. long; *lodiculae* 1.3 mm. long \times 0.8 mm. broad; *palea* 14 mm. long, with scabrid keels and bifid tips, lobes acute. Upper floret 12 mm. long, with long-bearded callus 4 mm.; *valve* 12 mm. long, 7- sub 9-nerved in the upper part, hairy, bifid, awned from between the lobes; awn 6.5 cm.; lobes including short macro 4 mm.; *palea* with acute scabrid keels, very narrow between the keels, 9 mm. long; *stamens* 3; *style* distinct; *ovary* trigonous; *lodicles* lanceolate, 2 mm. long; *caryops* long, narrow, cylindrical, up to 7 mm. long, grooved on the face; *embryo* 2 mm. long.

Near to *Tristachya rehmanni*, from which it differs chiefly in the pedicelled spikelets, the short bristles of the upper valve and in the broader leaves.

Waterberg (Transvaal): Warmbaths, *National Herbarium*, *Burtt-Davy* 1144; Naboomspruit, *Galpin* 428.